

## **Hierarchy of Courts.**

1) Until the UK leaves the EU, which superior court will be on top of the Courts Hierarchy?	a) Crown Court b) High Court c) European Court of Justice (Court of Justice of the EU)
	d) Supreme Court
2) Which year was the Supreme Court created?	a) 2006 b) 2008 c) 2009 d) 2010
3) Who is the most senior judge in England?	a) Lord Denning b) Dame Brenda Hale c) Robert Buckland d) Lord Reed
4) How many divisions does the High Court in the civil hierarchy of courts have?	a) 3 b) 4 c) 2 d) 5
5) Which of the following is not part of the appellate courts?	a) Crown Court b) Supreme Court c) Court of Appeal d) Divisional Courts
6) Before 2009, the Supreme Court was part of which of the following?	a) Ministry of Justice b) House of Commons c) House of Lords d) Crown Court
7) Which of the following courts cannot set a precedent?	a) Court of Appeal b) Supreme Court c) County Court d) QBD



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8) In which year did the Lord Chancellor	a) 1965
issue the practice statement?	b) 1966
	c) 1967
	d) 1968
9) Which of the following courts is the most	a) Crown Court
superior?	b) Magistrates Court
	c) Country Court
	d) QBD
10) Which year was the Constitutional Reform	a) 2010
Act (created the Supreme Court) from?	b) 2009
	c) 2005
	d) 2007
11) Which of the following Latin terms means	a) 'obiter dicta'
'an error?	b) 'ratio decidendi'
	c) 'per incuriam'
	d) 'stare decisis'
12) In which of the following cases was the	a) Conway v Rimmer (1968)
Practice Statement NOT used?	b) Herrington v BRB (1972)
	c) Jones v Secretary of State for Social Services (1972)
	d) R v Shivpuri (1986)
	(1/00)
13) In which case was the first use of the	a) Herrington v BRB (1972)
Practice Statement?	b) Conway v Rimmer (1968)
	c) Pepper v Hart (1993)
	d) R v G and R (2003)
	w, xx . 0 and xx (2000)
14) In which of the following criminal cases	a) R v G and R (2003)
was the Practice Statement firstly used?	b) R v R (1991)
and and a substitution of the substituti	c) R v Taylor (1950)
	d) R v Shivpuri (1986)



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15) What are Inferior Courts?	
16) Provide a case example for when the both Court of Appeal divisions can choose not to follow a decision if it is 'misapplied or misunderstood'.	
17) List all Trial Courts.	