

Statutory interpretation. Aids to interpretation.

1) Define statutory interpretation.	
2) Why is there a need for statutory interpretation?	
3) Which century did the literal rule develop in?	a) 17 th b) 18 th c) 19 th d) 20 th
4) <i>'If the words of an Act are clear, you must follow them, even though they lead to a manifest absurdity'</i> was said by:	a) Lord Denning b) A.V. Dicey c) Joseph Raz d) Lord Esher
5) How many approaches does the golden rule have?	a) 1 b) 2 c) 3 d) 4
6) <i>Adler v George</i> is a case example for the golden rule of statutory interpretation. Which year is it from?	a) 1935 b) 1960 c) 1964 d) 1990
7) Which case does the definition of the mischief rule come from?	a) Heydon's Case (1584) b) Bushell's Case (1670) c) Austin's Case (2010)

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	d) Young's Case (1944)
8) In which of the following cases was the purposive approach NOT used?	a) Grant v Australian Knitting Mills (1936) b) Jones v Tower Boot Co Ltd (1996) c) R v Registrar General ex parte Smith (1990) d) R (on the application of Quintavalle) v Human Fertilisation and Embryology Authority (2003)
9) List all the intrinsic aids you know.	
10) List all the extrinsic aids you know.	
11) Which of the following is/are an intrinsic aid of interpretation?	a) Interpretation Act 1998 b) dictionaries c) definition sections d) Hansard
12) Which of the following is/are an extrinsic aid of interpretation?	a) schedules b) long title c) marginal notes d) Law Commission reports

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<p>13) What is Hansard?</p>	
<p>14) Explain the four methods of statutory interpretation, discussing the advantages and disadvantages of each one. Reach a conclusion which of the methods is the best one for interpreting states. (20 marks)</p>	

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